



GIỚI THIỆU



They have a lot of books. They read a lot.

like

likes

work

works

read

reads



He's eating an ice cream. He likes ice cream			
live	watch	do	have
lives	watches	does	Has

He / she / it

I / we / you / they



CÁCH THÊM –S VÀ -ES

A

Remember:

- he works / she lives / it rains etc.
 - Ex1: I work in a shop. My brother
 works in a bank. (not My brother work)
 - Ex2: Lucy lives in London. Her parents
 live in Scotland.
 - Ex3: It rains a lot in winter.
- I have —> he/she/it has:
 - Ex4: Joe has a shower every day.

SPELLING (APPENDIX 5)

Thêm -s sau hầu hết các động từ, ngoại trừ một số trường hợp sau.

- Các từ tận cùng bằng -y: đổi thành i rồi thêm -es:
 study → studies
 try → tries.
- Nếu trước -y là nguyên âm, chúng ta chỉ thêm -s:
 stay → stays enjoy → enjoys
 key → keys say → says



CÁCH DÙNG

We use the present simple for things that are true in general, or for things that

happen sometimes or all the time:

- Ex5: I like big cities.
- Ex6: Your English is good. You speak very well.
- Ex7: Tom works very hard. He starts at 7.30 and finishes at 8 o'clock in the evening.
- Ex8: The earth goes round the sun.
- Ex9: We do a lot of different things in our free time.
- Ex10: It costs a lot of money to build a hospital.



VỊ TRÍ CỦA TRẠNG TỪ

C

always/never/often/usually/sometimes + present simple

- Ex11: Sue always gets to work early, (not Sue gets always)
- Ex12: I never eat breakfast, (not I eat never)
- Ex13: We often go away at weekends.
- Ex14: Mark usually plays football on Sundays.
- Ex15: I sometimes walk to work, but not very often.