







EACH AND EVERY

- **Each and every are similar. Often it is possible to use each or every:**
 - EX1: Each time I see you, you look different. or Every time I see you ...
 But each and every are not exactly the same.
- We use each when we think of things separately, one by one.
 - EX2: Study each sentence carefully.
 (= study the sentences one by one)
 each = X + X + X + X
- * Each is more usual for a small number:
 - EX3: There were four books on the table. Each book was a different color.
 - EX4: (in a card game) At the beginning of the game, each player has three cards.

- We use **every** when we think of things as a group. The meaning is similar to **all**.
 - EX5: Every window in the house was open. (= all the windows in the house)

- **Every** is more usual for a large number:
 - EX6: Kate loves reading. She has read every book in the library. (=all the books)
 - EX7: I'd like to visit every country in the world.
 (=all the countries)



EACH AND EVERY

Α

- **Each** (but not every) can be used for two things:
 - EX8: In football, each team has eleven players. (not every team)
- * We use every (not each) to say how often something happens:
 - EX9: 'How often do you use your car?' 'Every day.' (not Each day)
 - EX10: There's a bus every ten minutes. (not each ten minutes)



EACH ONE AND EVERY ONE

- Compare the structures we use with each and every.
- * We use **each** with or without a noun:
 - EX11: None of the rooms are the same. Each room is different, or Each is different.
- Or you can use each one:
 - EX13: Each one is different.
- We say each of (the/these/them ... etc.):
 - EX15: Each of the books was a different color.
 (not each of books)
 - EX16: Each of them was a different color. Read each of these sentences carefully.

- * We use **every** with a noun:
 - EX12: She's read every book in the library.
- * We don't use every alone, but you can say every one:
 - EX14: A: Have you read all these books?
 B: Yes, every one.
- * We say every one of ... (but not every of):
 - EX17: I've read every one of those books. (not every of those books)
 - EX18: I've read every one of them.



TEN POUNDS EACH

* We also use each in the middle of a sentence. For example:

EX19: The students were each given a book. (= Each student was given a book.)

* We say a dollar each, ten pounds each etc.:

EX20: These oranges are 40 pence each. (each = for one orange)



EVERYONE AND EVERY ONE

- Everyone (one word) is only for people (= everybody).
 - EX21: Everyone enjoyed the party. (=Everybody...)
- Every one (two words) is for things or people:
 - EX22: Sarah is invited to lots of parties and she goes to every one. (= to every party)



TÓM TẮT

- 1. Each (mỗi) và every (mọi) có nghĩa khá tương tự nhau, và trong nhiều trường hợp có thể dùng thay thế cho nhau. Tuy nhiên, cần lưu ý những khác biệt về cách dùng 2 từ này như sau:
 - a) Chúng ta dùng **each** để nhấn mạnh đến từng thành viên, và thường dùng với số lượng nhỏ. There were four books on the table. **Each book** was a different color. Còn **every** nói về toàn bộ các thành viên và thường dùng với số lượng lớn. I'd like to visit **every country** in the world. (= all the countries.)
 - b) Chúng ta có thể dùng each (mà không dùng every) khi nói về 1 cặp danh từ: In football, each team has eleven players. (not every team.) Tuy nhiên, khi nói về tần suất, chúng ta dùng every (mà không dùng each): There's a bus every ten minutes.
 - c) Each có thể được dùng độc lập hoặc đi kèm với danh từ, còn every thì luôn đi kèm với danh từ.
 - d) Cả each và every đều có thể dùng với one: each one, every one. Chúng ta cũng có thể dùng each of ... và every one of ... + danh từ xác định hoặc đại từ túc từ. I've read every one of them.
- 2. Everyone (1 từ) chỉ dùng để chỉ người, còn every one (2 từ) có thể dùng để chỉ người hoặc vật.