







### MUCH AND LITTLE

\* We use much and little with uncountable nouns:

much luck much time little energy little money

\* We use many and few with plural nouns:

many friends many people few cars

\* We use a lot of / lots of / plenty of with both uncountable and plural nouns:

a lot of luck
 lots of time
 plenty of money

a lot of friends
 lots of people
 plenty of ideas

plenty = more than enough:

EX1: There's no need to hurry. We've got plenty of time.

EX2: There's plenty to do in this town.



### MUCH vs MANY AND A LOT OF

- \* Much is unusual in positive sentences (especially in spoken English). Compare:
  - EX3: We didn't spend much money. but We spent a lot of money.
  - EX4: Do you see David much? but I see David a lot.
- \* But we use too much / so much / as much in positive sentences:
  - EX5: We spent too much money.
- We use many and a lot of in all kinds of sentences:
  - EX6: Many people drive too fast. or A lot of people drive too fast.
  - EX7: Do you know many people? or Do you know a lot of people?
  - EX8: There aren't many tourists here. or There aren't a lot of tourists here.
- Note that we say many years / many weeks / many days:
  - EX9: We've lived here for many years. (not usually a lot of years)



### LITTLE AND FEW

- little = not much, few = not many:
  - EX10: Gary is very busy with his job. He has little time for other things.

(= not much time, less time than he would like)

EX11: Vicky doesn't like living in London. She has few friends there.

(= not many friends, not as many as she would like)

- We often use very little and very few:
  - EX12: Gary has very little time for other things.
  - EX13: Vicky has very few friends in London.

#### A LITTLE vs A FEW

**a little** = some, a small amount:

EX14: Let's go and have coffee. We have a little time before the train leaves.

(a little time = some time, enough time to have a coffee)

EX15: 'Do you speak English?' 'A little.' (so we can talk a bit)

- a few = some, a small number:
  - EX16: I enjoy my life here. I have a few friends and we meet quite often.

(a few friends = not many, but enough to have a good time)

EX17: 'When was the last time you saw Clare?' 'A few days ago.' (= 3 or 4 days ago)



### LITTLE vs A LITTE / FEW vs A FEW

- Compare little and a little, few and a few:
  - EX18: He spoke little English, so it was difficult to communicate with him.
    He spoke a little English, so we were able to communicate with him.
  - EX19: She's lucky. She has few problems. (= not many problems)
    Things are not going so well for her. She has a few problems. (= some problems)
- \* We say only a little (not only little) and only a few (not only few):
  - EX20: Hurry! We only have a little time. (= some, but not much time)
  - EX21: The village was small. There were only a few houses. (= some but not many houses)



### TÓM TẮT

- 1. Chúng ta dùng much (nhiều) và little (ít) với các danh từ không đếm được, Còn many (nhiều) và few (ít) với danh từ đếm được số nhiều. A lot of, lots of, plenty of có thể được dùng với cả danh từ đếm được và không đếm được.
- 2. Much thường ít được dùng ở thể khẳng định mà được dùng nhiều hơn ở thể phủ định và nghi vấn. We didn't spend much money. Còn many và a lot of có thể được dùng ở tất cả các thể. There aren't many tourists here.
- 3. Little và few đều có nghĩa là ít, nhưng little dùng với danh từ không đếm được, còn few dùng với danh từ đếm được số nhiều.
- 4. Tương tự như vậy, a little (không đếm được) và a few (đếm được số nhiều) có nghĩa là một ít, mang nghĩa tích cực. He spoke a little English, so we were able to communicate with him. Còn little và few nghĩa là ít, mang nghĩa tiêu cực, phủ định. He spoke little English, so it was difficult to communicate with him.