

# ENGLISH GRAMMAR 2 INTERMEDIATE LEVEL

### Unit 42 – Passive 1

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### Passive 1 NGHIÊN CỨU TÌNH HUỐNG

Α



#### When we use an active verb, we say what the subject does:

- EX1: My grandfather was a builder. He built this house in 1981.
- EX2: It's a big company. It employs two hundred people.

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This house was built in 1981. 'This house was built' is passive.

**Compare active and passive:** Somebody built this house in 1981. (active) Subject Obbject

> This house was built in 1981. (passive) Subject

When we use a passive verb, we say what happens to the subject:



EX3: 'How old is this house?' 'It was built in 1981.' EX4: Two hundred people are employed by the company.

# Passive 1 AI THỰC HIỆN HÀNH ĐỘNG

В

- When we use the passive, who or what causes the action is often unknown or unimportant: EX5: A lot of money was stolen in the robbery. (somebody stole it, but we don't know who) EX6: Is this room cleaned every day? (does somebody clean it? – it's not important who) If we want to say who does or what causes the action, we use by: EX7: This house was built by my grandfather. EX8: Two hundred people are employed by the company.

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# Passive 1 CẤU TRÚC THỂ BỊ ĐỘNG

- - PRESENT
- Somebody cleans this room every day.
  - This room is cleaned every day.
- EX9: Many accidents are caused by careless driving.
- EX10: I'm not invited to parties very often.
- EX11: How is this word pronounced?

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### be (is/was etc.) + past participle (done/cleaned/seen etc.):

(be) done, (be) cleaned, (be) damaged, (be) built, (be) seen, etc.

- - night.



### PAST

Somebody cleaned this room yesterday. This room was cleaned yesterday. EX12: We were woken up by a loud noise during the

EX13: 'Did you go to the party?' 'No, I wasn't invited.'

EX14: How much money was stolen in the robbery?

### Passive 1 **BÀI TẬP NHANH**

- Ask about mountains. (how / form?)
- A. How to form mountain?
- B. How do people form mountain?
- C. How are mountains formed?
- D. How do mountains form?

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## Passive 1 TÓM TẮT

- Cấu trúc của thể bị động là:

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Chúng ta dùng thể bị động để diễn tả việc gì đó xảy ra với chủ ngữ. This house was built in 1981 Khi người thực hiện hành động không xác định được hoặc không quan trọng (someone, sombody), chúng ta thường dùng thể bị động. A lot of money was stolen in the robbery.

> Be + quá khứ phân từ Hiện tại: am / is / are + quá khứ phân từ Quá khứ was / were + quá khứ phân từ

